


The house of my childhood questions and answers

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The house of my childhood questions and answers

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Correct answer: correct answer: correct answer: correct answer: response: most parents choose to vaccinate their children according to the recommended program, but many parents can still have questions about vaccines for their child. Yes'. Vaccines are very safe. The US long-stand vaccine safety system guarantees that vaccines are as secure as possible. Currently, the United States has the safer supply of vaccines in its history. Millions of children safely receive vaccines every year. The most common side effects are typically very myths, such as pain or swelling to the injection site. Vaccines can prevent infectious diseases that once killed or damaged many newborns, children and adults. Without vaccines, your child is at risk of getting sick seriously and suffering pain, disabilities, and even death from diseases like measles and cough. The main risks associated with obtaining vaccines are side effects, which are almost always myths (resistance and swelling to the injection site) and go away within a few days. Serious side effects after vaccination, as a serious allergic reaction, are very rare and doctors and clinical staff are trained to deal with them. The benefits for the prevention of disease to obtain vaccines are much larger than possible side effects for almost all children. The only exceptions to this are the cases in which a child has a serious chronic medical condition such as cancer or a disease that weakens the immune system, or had a serious allergic reaction to a previous vaccine dose. No. Scientific studies and reviews continue to show no relationship between vaccines and autism. Some people have suggested that Thimerosal (a compound that contains mercury) in the data vaccines to newborns and small children could have something to do with autism. Others suggested that the MMR (Measles-Mumps-Rubella) vaccine can be connected to autism. However, numerous scientists and researchers have studied and continue to study the MMR vaccine and Thimerosal, and reach the same conclusion: there is no connection between MMR or Thimerosal vaccine and autism. Talk to your child's doctor if you have questions or concerns about your child's vaccines. Vaccines, like any medication, can cause some side effects. Most of these side effects are very minor, like the pain in which it was given shot, fussiness, or low-level fever. These side effects typically last only a couple of days and are negotiable. For example, you can apply a fresh, wet wash-room on the painful area to relieve discomfort. Serious reactions are very rare. However, if the child experiences any reaction that interests you, call the doctor's office. Vaccines do not overload the immune. Every day, the immune system of a healthy child successfully fights thousands of germs. The antigens are parts of germs that cause the body's immune system to go to work to build antibodies, fighting diseases. Antigens in vaccines come from the germs themselves, but I are weakened or killed so that they can not cause serious diseases. Although children receive different vaccinations in one day, vaccines contain only a tiny fraction of the antigens they meet every day in their environment. Vaccines give your child the antibodies they need to fight serious prevenable diseases of the vaccine. Recommended planning protects infants and children by providing immunity at the beginning of life, before getting in touch with life-threatening diseases. Children receive immunization in advance because they are susceptible to diseases at a young age. The consequences of these diseases can be very serious, even dangerous for life, for infants and small children. Talk to your son's doctor, but children can usually be vaccinated even if they have a mild disease like a cold, headache, mild fever or diarrhea. If the doctor says it's okay, your baby can still be vaccinated. Children do not receive any benefit known from the following programs that delay vaccines. Infants and small children following immunization times that spread or leave shots are at risk of developing diseases during the time when delaying their shots. Certain pre-veneous diseases of the vaccine remain common in the United States and in children may be exposed to such diseases during the period when they are not protected by vaccines, putting them at risk for a serious case of the disease that could cause hospitalization or death. Small children have the highest risk of having a serious case of disease that could cause hospitalization or death. The delay or spread of the doses of the vaccine leaves the child unprotected during the time they need more vaccination. For example, diseases like Hib or Pneumococcus occur almost always in the first 2 years of a child's life. And some diseases, such as hepatitis B and WHOPING cough (Pertussis), are more serious when children take them in a younger age. Vaccino your son According to the recommended CDC immunization program means you can help him protect him at a young age. Yes, even breastfeeding children need to be protected with vaccines at the recommended age. The immune system is not fully developed at birth, which puts newborns at greater risk of infections. Maternal milk offers important protection from certain infections as you are developing your child's immune system. For example, breast-feedded children have a lower risk of ear infections, respiratory tract infections and diarrhea. However, breast milk does not protect children against all diseases. Even in infants breastfeeding, vaccines are the most effective way to prevent many diseases. Your child needs long-term protection that can only come to make sure thatAll its vaccines according to the recommended CDC program. No, even young children who are treated at home can be exposed to preventable vaccine diseases, so it is important to get all their vaccines at the recommended ages. Children can capture these diseases from any number of people people places, even by parents, siblings, visitors to their home, in playgrounds or even at the grocery store. Regardless of whether your child is cared for outside or not, he or she comes into contact with people during the day, some of whom may be sick but don't know it yet. If a person has a vaccine-preventable disease, they may not have symptoms or the symptoms may be mild, and they may end up spreading the disease to newborns or young children.Remember, many of these diseases can be particularly dangerous for young children, so it is best to vaccinate your child at the recommended level to protect him or her, regardless of whether you are caring for children or not. Before they go to school, young children may be exposed to preventable diseases by parents and other adults, siblings, on the plane, in kindergartens, or even in the supermarket. Children under 5 years of age are particularly susceptible to diseases because their immune system has not developed the necessary defences to fight infection. Don't wait to protect your child and risk contracting these diseases when he needs protection now. Vaccines are recommended for life-long protection against serious diseases. As protection from childhood vaccines decreases, adolescents need vaccines that extend protection. Adolescents should also be protected from other infections before the risk of exposure increases. The CDC recommends that all children receive vaccines according to the recommended immunization schedule to protect them from 14 diseases within two years of age. Taking each recommended dose of each vaccine provides the best possible protection for the child. Depending on the vaccine, your child will need more than one dose to develop immunity high enough to prevent the disease or to increase immunity that fades over time. Your child may also receive more than one dose to ensure protection if he or she has not received immunity from the first dose, or to protect against time-changing germs, such as flu. Each dose is important because it protects against infectious diseases that can be particularly serious for infants and very young children. Combination vaccines protect your child from more than one disease with a single injection. They reduce the number of shots and office visits your child needs, which not only saves you time and money, but also makes it easier for your child. Some common combined vaccines are Pediarix[®] which combines DTap, Hep B, and IPV (polio) and ProQuad[®] which combines MMR and varicella (vaccine). Vaccines contain ingredients that cause the body to develop immunity. Vaccines also contain small amounts of other ingredients. All the ingredients perform a Both in the production of the vaccine and in ensuring the safety and efficacy of the final product. During the last few weeks of pregnancy, children can get some temporary immunity (protection) from the mother, but only for diseases to which the mother is immune. Breastfeeding can also temporarily protect your baby from a minor Like a cold. These antibodies do not last long, leaving the child vulnerable to diseases. Some vaccine-preventable diseases, such as pertussis (convulsive cough) and chickenpox, remain common in the United States. On the other hand, other diseases prevent vaccines are no longer common in this country because of vaccines. However, if we stop vaccinating, the few cases we have in the United States could quickly become tens or hundreds of thousands of cases. Although many serious vaccine-preventable diseases are rare in the United States, some are common in other parts of the world. Even if your family doesn't travel abroad, you could get in touch with international travelers anywhere in your community. Children who don't get all the vaccinations and are exposed to a disease can get seriously ill and spread it through a community. Your child needs a chickenpox vaccine because chickenpox can be a serious disease. In many cases, children experience a mild case of chickenpox, but other children may have blisters that become infected. Others may develop pneumonia. There is no way to predict in advance how severe the child's symptoms will be. Before the vaccine was available, about 50 children died every year of chickenpox, and about 1 in 500 children with chickenpox was hospitalized. Natural immunity occurs when your child is exposed to a disease and becomes infected. It is true that natural immunity usually results in better immunity than vaccination, but the risks are much greater. A natural chickenpox infection can cause pneumonia, while the vaccine may only cause arm pain for a couple of days. The protection (antibodies) you gave to your baby before birth will provide early protection against whooping cough and flu. However, these antibodies will only provide protection in the short term. It is very important that your child receives the vaccines on time so that he or she can begin to build up his or her protection against these serious diseases. diseases.

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