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Question paper will contain 100 MCQ out of which (i) 50 questions of Chemistry & Physics (10+2 level)(ii) Remaining 50 questions will be from Maths (10+2 level and Biology (10+2) level, candidates will have to opt. anyone (Maths or Biology).B.Sc. (Biology) and BNSChemistry, Botany, Zoology, of (10+2 level)Mental Aptitude and basic knowledge of Computer ApplicationB.Com. and B.Com. (Hons.)Mental Ability, Commerce, Accounting, Commercial Maths, Economics and Computer (10+2 level)B.Voc.Physics, Chemistry, Maths, Biology and basic Computer (10+2) levelB.A./B.Sc. YogaGeneral Knowledge, General English, Logical Reasoning, General ScienceLucknow University Syllabus - PGThe Lucknow University PG entrance exam syllabus is completely different from the LU UG syllabus 2024. The questions that came in the post-graduation entrance test will be from the syllabus of Lucknow University entrance exam.Also Read,India's Largest University | NAAC A++ | 100% Placements Record | Highest CTC 2.5 Cr PA | 145 + Programmes in 55+ Disciplines | End Date : 15th Apr'251000+ Recruiters | 450+ Patents | 50000+ Alumni networkLucknow University Exam Pattern 2024Exam pattern is an important thing for all those candidates who are preparing for the Lucknow University entrance test. Candidates must check the university test pattern to prepare very well for this examination. The Lucknow University exam pattern 2024 mentions the details such as exam mode, exam language, exam duration, total marks, types of questions, marking scheme, and total marks. Here is the Lucknow University UG and PG exam pattern.Lucknow University 2024 Exam Pattern For UG CoursesThe LU entrance exam pattern for UG is given in the table below. There are total of 100 questions asked which are required to complete in 1hr and 30 mins.Total Questions100Types of QuestionsMultiple Choice QuestionsTime1 Hour 30 MinutesMarking SchemeEach correct answer will consist of 4 marks and 1 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer.Lucknow University Exam Pattern 2024 For PG CoursesTotal SectionsThreeTime2 HoursTotal Questions100 On this page, I am going to share University of Lucknow Syllabus 2024-2025 PDF Download. The download links of all UOL Syllabus PDF files are given below. You just have to press the download link in order to get Lucknow University Syllabus pdf files into your device.Lucknow University Syllabus: OverviewCheck University of Lucknow Syllabus for All CoursesThe University of Lucknow (UOL) conducts the semester, annual and backlog examinations every year for various undergraduate, postgraduate and distant education programmes. Those who are have enrolled in these UG/PG courses at the university must check the updated Lucknow University BA, BSc, BCom, BBA, BCA, MA, MSc, MCom, MCA, MBA Syllabus in order to prepare for the examination.UOL Exam PatternFor the easiness of candidates, we have provided direct links to download the Lucknow University Exam Pattern and Syllabus PDF. With the help of University Of Lucknow Pattern, students can make their preparation stronger. 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(Hons.) - 1 to VI semDownloadLucknow University Of GST Certificate CourseDownloadPostgraduate SyllabusDownloadUndergraduate SyllabusDownloadSyllabus B.A. Semester I & II (History), Asian Culture Semester DownloadHistory (Paper I) & History and Culture of Asian Peoples (Paper I&II), SessionDownloadHistory Paper III SyllabusDownloadIf you are having trouble while downloading Lucknow University Syllabus PDF Download then you can inform me by just leaving a comment using the comment box given below Please Note: The PDF Links given on this page, are just for reference.More Links Related To Lucknow University:Thank you for visiting our site. Good Luck! The basic premise of sociology is that human behavior is largely shaped by the groups to which people belong and by the social interaction that takes place within those groups. The main focus of sociology is the group... Read More Sociology is a social science that studies society and the individual in perspective of Society. The origins of Sociology lie in the 19th century but during the 1960-70s, it became a major social science subject, taught in universities... Read More Anthropology studies who and how man is evolved over the period of time, why he looks like the way and the way he talks and acts in particular manner. It is broad discipline dedicated to the comparative study of mankind... Read More I am preparing for civilservice exam. This is the best Website on the Net for sociology.Its very excellent with simple and understandable language. I am referring this site for my exams.I hope this site will give me better results in my exam. I want this site to be updated for CSE exams, like recent news,surveys of everything... Raviraj Adrangri i am preparing for RESET Exam in SVU. I have tried of collecting information on Sociology, which i could not get the right books. But the Site Sociology Guide is wonderful and i very happy that I got all the information at one place. Thankyou you the site developers... Lakshmi.P.M Sir, i just loved your website as i found it very useful and helpful... but i find myself unable to get answer of my question - "what is the nature of sociology?". Kindly help me as soon as possible... Abhisaj Jain I am preparing for m.a. sociology in jawaharlal nehru university.... i really don't know how i have to study and write... the articles are nice and helps me to improve my knowledge... Nupur This web site is very helpful for us we can remove our confusion in this web site. plz add question in this web site. thanks... M.Ibrahim This page contains Lucknow university BA NEP 2020 (Bachelor of Arts)which is given in their respective syllabus Bachelor of Arts Sociology SyllabusSemester 3Course outcome:Sociology originated as an intellectual response to the crisis confronting the mid nineteenth century European society. Its development over a century and a half since then has been influenced by a variety of socioeconomic and political concerns where it has been taught and practised. It is now established as a multi-paradigmatic academic discipline, with its body of theoretical knowledge enriched and its methodological techniques and procedures systematised. Nevertheless, some of its original concerns have persisted and some of its classical theoretical and methodological landmarks are relevant even now. This paper is intended to familiarise the students with the social, political, economic and intellectual contexts in which sociology emerged as a distinctive discipline. Its objective is to help students gain an understanding of some of the classical contributions in sociology, and their continuing relevance to its contemporary concerns.Paper V: Foundation of Sociological Thought I Unit I: Emergence of Sociology: Social, Economic and Political Factors, the Industrial Revolution and the French Revolution.Intellectual Sources: Enlightenment, Philosophy of History, Political Philosophy, Social and Political Reform Movements, and Biological Theories of Evolution. Unit II: Auguste Comte: Positivism, the Hierarchy of Sciences, and the Law of Three Stages.Herbert Spencer: Organicism, Social Evolution, and Social Darwinism. Unit III:Emile Durkheim: Social Fact, Division of Labour, Mechanical Solidarity, OrganicSolidarity, Anomic Division of Labour, Suicide - Altruistic, Egoistic and Anomic. Unit IV: Vilfredo Pareto: Action - Logical & Non-logical Actions, Residues and Derivatives.George Simmel: Forms of 'Socialtion', Consequences of Social Conflict, Emotionsand Violence.Prescribed Readings:Arnold Raymond, 1970. Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Volume I & II. Harmondsworth: Penguin Books. BUYCoser, L. A. 1977. Masters of Sociological Thought, New York: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich. BUYGiddens, E. 1998. The Consequences of Modernity, Stanford: Stanford University Press.Frank, A. 1966. "The Development of Underdevelopment." Monthly Review, September XVII, Part, Sakiko Fukuda & A.K. Shiva Kuma (eds.), 2009. Handbook of Human Development: Concepts, Measures, and Policies, Oxford: University Press: Oxford, So. Alvin Y. 1990. Social Change and Development: Modernization, Dependency and World-SystemTheories, New York: Sage PublicationsUnited Nations Development Programme. 1995. Sustainable Human Development: From Concept to Opatation, New York: UNO. Science, Tech, Math Science, Tech, Math Humanities All Humanities Languages All Languages Resources All Resources The most dirtiest city in Nigeria Dirtiest States In Nigeria: Nigeria is a large indigenous nation with inhabitants from over 300 different tribes. It is also the most populous nation on the continent of Africa, and... Countries that have the cheapest gas prices in the world per
litre Dirtiest countries in the World: Environmental pollution is a serious problem on a global scale that poses serious threats to human health and ecological stability. Since the majority of nations... World's Most Polluted Cities currently Most Polluted Cities In The World: Air pollution is a worldwide problem, and certain towns have achieved recognition for having some of the world's worst air quality. Industrialization, traffic emissions,... Games are a staple in every day life Best multiplayer games for iphone: Games are a staple in every day life. They are played for different reasons and in different places. They also come in different packages such... Life-Changing Books On Financial Intelligence For You The growing interest in the digital asset market has led to a surge in diverse trading solutions tailored to different types of participants. While institutional players dominate the sector with... Home >> Introduction to Sociology >> Importance Of Sociology In all ages and human times ever since out erect and restless species appeared upon the planet, men have been living with others of their kind in something called societies. Prior to the emergence of sociology the study of society was carried on in an unscientific manner and society had never been the central concern of any science. It is through the study of sociology that the truly scientific study of the society has been possible. Sociology alone studies both of himself and of others. By comparative study of societies and groups other than his existence, his life becomes richer and fuller than it would otherwise be. Sociology also impresses upon us the necessity of overcoming narrow personal prejudices, ambitions and class hatred. Sociology is of great importance in the solution of international problems.The progress made by physical sciences has brought the nations of the world nearer to each other. But in the social field the world has been left behind by the revolutionary progress of the science. The world is divided politically giving rise to stress and conflict. Men have failed to bring in peace. Sociology can help us in understanding the underlying causes and tensions. The value of sociology lies in the fact that it keeps us update on modern situations contributes to making good citizens and finding solutions to the community problems. It adds to the knowledge of the world. It helps the individual find his relation to society. The study of social phenomena and of the ways and means of promoting what Giddens calls social adequacy is one of the most urgent needs of the modern society. Sociology has a strong appeal to all types of mind through its direct bearing upon many of the initial problems of the present world. Study of society has helped governments to promote the welfare of the tribal and marginalized communities.The tribal and marginalized communities face many socio-economic and cultural problems. Studies conducted by sociologists and anthropologists regarding tribal societies and problems have helped governments in undertaking social welfare measures and programmes for the welfare purposes. Sociology is useful as a teaching subjectSociology is a profession in which technical competence brings its own rewards. Sociologists those trained in research procedures are contributing in business, government, industry, social sector, communications and many other areas of community life. Sociology has now become practical enough to be practiced in the other fields prominently in local, state, national and international levels. Share - copy and redistribute the material in any medium or format for any purpose, even commercially. Adapt - remix, transform, and build upon the material for any purpose, even commercially. The licensor cannot revoke these freedoms as long as you follow the license terms. Attribution - You must give appropriate credit, provide a link to the license, and indicate if changes were made. You may do so in any reasonable manner, but not in any way that suggests the licensor endorses you or your use. ShareAlike - If you remix, transform, or build upon the material, you must distribute your contributions under the same license as the original. No additional restrictions - You may not apply legal terms or technological measures that legally restrict others from doing anything the license permits. You do not have to comply with the license for elements of the material in the public domain or where your use is permitted by an applicable exception or limitation . No warranties are given. The license may not give you all of the permissions necessary for your intended use. For example, other rights such as publicity, privacy, or moral rights may limit how you use the material. Why Is Sociology a Science? 7 Reasons: Sociology is the study of the society, human interaction and the rules and processes that bind and separate people not only as individuals, but as members of associations, groups and institutions. Sociology is a branch of social science which studies society and changes within society over periods of time, as well as human interaction with and in the society.Human behaviour is of complicated nature, especially when it comes to how humans interact with each other and the world around them. Sociology as a field of study employs sociological theories which are organized set of ideas that helps in making sense out of human behaviour, understand social order and that which creates social change.Sociology has produced a great deal of valuable information about social institutions such as family, property, church and state; about social traditions, social processes, social classes, changes in social control and crimes. Sociology is a science with its own subject matter. It deals with more general principles underlying all social phenomena. The unit for sociological analysis is commonly identified as interaction between two or more human beings. Where there is interaction, which establishes theories and relationships, Human interaction and interrelation become the subject matter of sociology.Sociology as a scientific discipline PDFSociologists are categorized into two which are positivists and interpretivists. For positivists, they believe that sociology is better categorized as a science, since they use of qualitative methods to study the world around them for the purpose of establishing laws of cause and effect. Interpretivists are of the opposing view. Sociologists use tools and methods of science to understand why and how humans behave the way they do when they interact together in groups, which make them social scientists. Though social groups or societies are made up of individuals, sociology is the study of the group rather than the individual. When it comes to understanding how human mind works, sociologists leaves that up to psychologists.Sociology has been correctly described as a science for having notable elements of science which are quite close enough for the field to be categorized under social science. Science is a systematic study of nature. 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This empirical method being employed by sociology qualifies it as a science, since it uses objective evidence as an arbiter to accept to reject hypotheses.2. Sociology employs Measurement: Another reason which makes sociology a science is that it involves the same data collection methodology just like the natural sciences. By testing hypotheses which establishes theories and relationships, Sociology can produce measurable results based on those things that can help the society understand and interrelate in the Truth. Sociology deals with facts. By such, the field is interested in the truth. It does not base its answers on the mere assumptions, just like hard sciences. Sociology gathers data, analyses and makes use of qualitative methods to study the world around them for the purpose of establishing laws of cause and effect. Interpretivists are of the opposing view. 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